

Пробный вариант теста для вступительного тестирования

10 класс (социально – экономический)

Раздел 1. Аудирование

Задание 1

Вы услышите 6 высказываний. Установите соответствие между высказываниями каждого говорящего A - F и утверждениями, данными в списке 1-7.

Используйте каждое утверждение, обозначенное соответствующей цифрой, только один раз. В задании есть одно лишнее утверждение. Вы услышите запись дважды. Занесите свои ответы в таблицу.

1. Putting pocket money aside may be useful in the future.
2. Getting pocket money makes children plan their own budgets.
3. There are many minuses about having pocket money.
4. Receiving pocket money can teach a child about economics.
5. Some parents think that pocket money should be earned.
6. Children can spend pocket money doing kind things.
7. Pocket money should be spent on small pleasures.

Задание 2

Вы услышите диалог. Определите, какие из приведённых утверждений A -G соответствуют содержанию текста (1 — True), какие не соответствуют (2 — False) и о чём в тексте не сказано, то есть на основании текста нельзя дать ни положительного, ни отрицательного ответа (3 — Not stated). Занесите номер выбранного Вами варианта ответа в таблицу. Вы услышите запись дважды.

- A. Jack always has a headache in museums.
- B. Jack has never been to this museum before.
- C. Tracy finds going to museums useless.
- D. Tracy wants to be a fashion designer.
- E. Jack prefers still life paintings.
- F. Jack is hungry.
- G. Jack would like to see some still life paintings.

Задание 3

Вы услышите интервью. В заданиях 3 -9 запишите в поле ответа цифру 1, 2 или 3, соответствующую выбранному Вами варианту ответа. Вы услышите запись дважды.

Which of the following is TRUE about the US Institute of International Education?

- 1) Jane Brown is its president.
- 2) It works for the State Department.
- 3) It is not a commercial organization.

ОТВЕТ:

Which of the following is NOT TRUE about the recent statistics of international education in the USA?

- 1) There were 23% more international students this academic year.
- 2) The 2011-2012 year had the highest amount of international students.
- 3) The number of international students has grown substantially.

ОТВЕТ:

What does Jane Brown say about Americans who study abroad?

- 1) Only a few of them do so.
- 2) Their percentage went up slightly.
- 3) They prefer to study in China.

ОТВЕТ:

Why, according to Jane Brown, do young Chinese people go to study abroad?

- 1) They want to travel around the world.
- 2) Chinese education is of low quality.
- 3) Their families can afford it.

ОТВЕТ:

From which country do most international students come to America?

- 1) China.
- 2) India.
- 3) Korea.

ОТВЕТ:

Why according to Jane Brown, do many international students choose to come to America?

- 1) Universities in America are large.
- 2) They have a wide choice of colleges.
- 3) American universities prefer them to American students.

ОТВЕТ:

How many international students are there in America in comparison with domestic students?

- 1) A small amount.
- 2) A big percentage.
- 3) An equal proportion.

ОТВЕТ:

Раздел 2. Чтение

Задание 1

Установите соответствие между текстами А—Г и заголовками 1—8. Занесите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую цифру только один раз. В задании один

заголовок лишний.

1. How people used to treat them
2. How they get their food
3. Where they live
4. How people start to collect their images
5. How they confuse the scientists
6. When they scare the people
7. How they breed
8. What endangers them

A. Flamingos are very social and often live in large groups, called colonies, throughout the world. They are found in both the Eastern and Western hemispheres. The American Flamingo is the only one that lives in the wild in North America, and on many Caribbean islands such as the Bahamas, Cuba, and Hispaniola. It also lives in northern South America, the Galapagos Islands, and parts of Mexico.

B. Flamingos fish while walking in shallow water and mud. When a flamingo notices its potential dinner (for example, shrimp, snails, and plantlike water organisms), it plunges its head into the water, twists its head upside down, and scoops the fish up using its upper beak like a shovel. Flamingos get their pink coloring from the carotenoid pigment in their food, which is the same pigment that makes carrots orange.

C. Flamingos build nests that look like mounds of mud along waterways. The parents take turns sitting on the egg to keep it warm and after about 30 days the egg hatches. Young flamingos are born white, with soft, downy feathers and a straight bill. Both adult birds look after the newborn flamingo. The young leave the nest after about five days to join other young flamingos in small groups, returning to their parents for food.

D. Scientists aren't 100% sure why flamingos stand on one leg, but they have some theories. One theory says that it is to keep one leg warm. Another idea is that flamingos are drying out one leg at a time. A third theory states that it helps them deceive their catch, because one leg looks more like a plant than do two. Whatever the reason, it is truly amazing that these top heavy birds can balance on one leg for hours at a time.

E. Ancient Egyptians believed that flamingos were the living representation of the god Ra. In the Americas, the Moche people of ancient Peru worshipped nature and paid a great deal of attention to these birds and often depicted flamingos in their art. However, Andean miners killed flamingos for their fat, which is believed to be a remedy for tuberculosis, and in Ancient Rome their tongues were considered a delicacy.

F. Many people have plastic flamingos in their yards as ornaments. This is a fun and inexpensive way to add some elegance to one's landscaping. In many parts of the world flamingos are popular collectibles, appearing in the form of magnets, water globes, and jewelry. They are also said to be an image that people find to be calming and exciting at the same time. For these purposes people buy millions of plastic flamingos annually all around the world.

G. Flamingos have been affected in many ways by global warming. One of the biggest concerns is making nests and laying eggs. Flamingos depend on rainfall to help them mate and without adequate rain they won't engage in it. Many researchers

find that global warming reduces the chance of rain and can cause drought in some of the areas where they live. This could mean a significant reduction of offspring in the years ahead.

Задание 2

Прочитайте текст и заполните е пропуски А -F частями предложений, обозначенными цифрами 1-7. Одна из частей в списке 1 -7 лишняя. Занесите цифры, обозначающие соответствующие части предложений, в таблицу.

Running a multilingual European Union

The use of 23 official languages is the public face of the European Union (EU).

The reasons A _____ are not hard to identify: they are democracy, transparency and the right to know. New legislation must be published and made available in a language all EU citizens can understand. The use of all official languages also makes it easier for people to participate in public debates and consultations

B

_____ .
Its law-making function and the direct involvement of its citizens explain

C _____ like the United Nations or NATO, which operate only at the intergovernmental level with no legislative function. The United Nations, with more than 190 members, uses only six languages. The Council of Europe,

D _____, publishes official documents only in English and French, as does NATO.

Running a multilingual EU comes at a price. But it is a modest price when set against the results. The annual cost of translation and interpretation is about 1% of the EU budget, E _____ . The total cost has risen by only a small margin despite the arrival of 12 new countries since 2004.

The EU institutions have adjusted their procedures over the years to handle the rising number of official languages. Translators work with written texts, and interpreters with the spoken word. But they must be able to translate or interpret into their main language, F _____, from at least two other EU languages.

1. with more members than the EU
2. which is usually their mother tongue
3. that the EU launches, often online
4. which is a little over 2 for every citizen
5. why the EU uses so many official languages
6. that was earlier translated into three main languages
7. why the EU uses more languages than multinational bodies

Задание 3

Internet safety issues

The fact is that 93 percent of kids are online.

Even if parents limit or ban internet access, kids have access at school, through a friend's smart phone, libraries, and schools. The internet is a tool that our children need to use and master with wisdom dispensed by parents. We need tech-savvy youth

who will grow up to be leaders of the community.

Many schools use websites such as Edmodo to connect students and teachers. My friend Reem is the vice principal of an Islamic School. She says that many teachers assign work from school that children need to research online. Some of the best homeschooling resources are online.

Far too many parents do not allow their children monitored access to the internet, leading to two scenarios. Their children end up lying and using it behind their back; or are so sheltered that they do not know how to conduct themselves online when they finally do get access.

On the other hand, more often than not, there are parents who freely give unmonitored access.

But caretakers raising children in today's world need to think about several issues:

- How does a parent know if his/her child is engaging in inappropriate Internet activities?
- How would a parent know if his/her child is cyber-bullied if he or she does not tell them?

According to Common Sense Media, "Young teens don't yet have an "off" switch in their brains. That means that they often act impulsively. This lack of impulse control, combined with online anonymity, could lead toward dangerous behaviors: cyber-bullying, inappropriate photo or video uploads, illegal downloads, meeting strangers - even cheating. Because socializing is so important to young people, online interactions can become pretty intense - whether they're playing games, chatting with friends, or sharing work."

Using open communication and thoughtful intervention, parents can help their wired offspring learn how to maneuver electronic gadgets and the World Wide Web. Here are some tips on how to give children monitored access to the Internet:

- spend time with your children online.
 - ask to see their Facebook page, their Instagrams, and Twitter feed. It may seem like a foreign territory, but it is imperative that parents talk to their children about social media. At this stage, it is not our job to try to protect them by isolating them. It is our job to teach them how to deal with information and with people.
 - younger children often play on websites such as Movie Star Planet, Moshi Monsters, and new ones pop up every day. Most of these sites teach extreme consumerism as children 'play' to accumulate points or currency and use it to 'buy' stuff: furniture, VIP passes, etc.; urging your child to become 'Rich and Famous.'
- As responsible parents, we need to prevent children from becoming mindless consumers. If you do allow your child to visit these sites, then watch them while they play.
- teach them not to talk to or chat with random strangers. That person with a name Girlie45 could, possibly, be a middle-aged predator. Teach them that everything that they put online is there forever. Anyone can cut, copy and paste pictures and text. Teach them how to be safe online because today it is as important as safety basics about locking the door or not playing with matches.

What does the author think about educational value of prohibiting children from internet?

- 1) It is useless.
- 2) It is important.
- 3) It is effective.

4) It is advisable.

ОТВЕТ:

What way of using internet in education does the author mention (paragraph 2)?

- 1) Finding ready-made research papers.
- 2) Online instruction by school administration.
- 3) Communication platform for teachers and students.
- 4) Teaching from home.

ОТВЕТ:

What, according to the author, can the parents' refusal to allow their children supervised internet access lead to?

- 1) Children become overprotected.
- 2) Children use internet in schools under teacher's control.
- 3) Children turn to misconduct in schools.
- 4) Children start cheating on their parents.

ОТВЕТ:

What does the phrase 'don't have an "off" switch in their brains' (paragraph 5) mean?

- 1) They are unable to restrain from spontaneous actions.
- 2) They are making reckless decisions.
- 3) They are acting anonymously online.
- 4) They are considering the consequences of their actions.

According to the text, the best way to protect children from internet hazards is to

- 1) monitor their accounts in social networks.
- 2) follow them online.
- 3) ban them from using social networks.
- 4) limit their access to computer.

ОТВЕТ:

The danger of online games is, according to the author, in

- 1) the possibility of losing one's money.
- 2) availability of VIP passes.
- 3) getting used to spending money easily.
- 4) their accessibility.

ОТВЕТ:

What idea is emphasized in the last paragraph?

- 1) Chatting with strangers online can be dangerous.
- 2) Nicknames conceal the real identity of a person online.
- 3) Learning internet security is essential for young people.
- 4) Pictures should be uploaded wisely.

Раздел 3. Грамматика и лексика

Задание 1

Прочитайте приведённые ниже тексты. Преобразуйте, если необходимо, слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 19-25, так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текстов. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию из группы 19-25.

Why do the Chinese call the Yellow River in China “China’s Sorrow”?

The Huang He, or Yellow River, in China is called “China’s Sorrow” by the Chinese themselves. Since long ago, flooding _____ a serious problem.

BE

The _____, most sorrowful flood on record happened in 1931.

BAD

The waters began to rise in July, and by November of that year, more than 40,000 square miles had been flooded, _____ 80 million people homeless.

LEAVE

A rabbit and a tortoise

Once there lived a rabbit and a tortoise. The rabbit challenged the tortoise to have a race with _____. The tortoise agreed and they started the race.

HE

The rabbit ran _____ than the tortoise, and in a few minutes he was near the crossing line. He couldn’t see the tortoise, so he decided to rest for a while till the tortoise arrived and then he would quickly cross the line.

FAST

The rabbit lay down under a tree and soon he was asleep. When he awoke, he saw that the tortoise _____ the line. CROSS

The tortoise _____ the match, showing that it’s more important to be steady and active than to be fast.

WIN

Задание 2

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Образуйте от слов, напечатанных заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 26-31, однокоренные слова, так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию из группы 26-31.

Scottish inventions

Do you know how the refrigerator was invented? It is one of the most important _____ of the Scots to the world. CONTRIBUTE

If James Harrison (1816-1893), a Scottish immigrant to Australia, didn’t _____ push ether gas into a metal tube, people ACCIDENTAL might still be using boxes filled with blocks of ice to cool their food.

The main problem was how to overcome the need for ice in the _____ process. REFRIGERATE

Ice had to be cut fresh from frozen lakes and stored inside an underground house until it was ready to be used as a _____. COOL
Australians had difficulty gaining access to _____ ice since Australia does not enjoy that many lakes.

NATURE

Harrison's discovery was beneficial the world over, but especially important for Australia because now it could export frozen meat to Europe. He even tried one such journey to Europe, but the ether had leaked during the voyage and ruined the entire cargo. Harrison went bankrupt but his legacy meant a huge _____ to the Australian economy.

DIFFER

Задание 3

Прочитайте текст с пропусками, обозначенными номерами 32-38. Эти номера соответствуют заданиям 32-38, в которых представлены возможные варианты, ответов. Запишите в поле ответа номер выбранного Вами варианта ответа.

At home

The holiday time was approaching. Harry hadn't been **32** _____ forward to the holidays; not just because he wondered if he'd ever see his friend Giles again, but also because it meant **33** _____ to No.27 Ashton Road. He would have to share a room with his uncle, Stan.

Harry's days at Ashton Road **34** _____ into a well-ordered routine: up at five, one slice of toast for breakfast, report to Mr. Deakins at the newsagent's by six, stack the papers in the correct order, then deliver them. The whole exercise took about two hours, **35** |_____ him to be back home in time for a cup of tea with Mum before she went off to work. At around eight-thirty Harry would set off for the library, where he would meet up with his best friend, Billy. Billy was always sitting on the top step waiting patiently for him.

In the afternoon, Harry would report for choir practice, as part of his **36** _____ to St Bede's. He never **37** _____ it as such because he enjoyed singing so much. In fact, he often prayed, "Please, God, when my voice breaks, let me be a tenor and I'll never ask for anything else."

After spending the evening going **38** _____ old exam papers, Harry would climb into bed around ten. He quickly fell asleep because he felt tired at the end of the day.

32 1) seeing 2) looking 3) watching 4) glancing

33 1) replacing 2) returning 3) restoring 4) removing

34 1) kept 2) held 3) went 4) fell

35 1) agreeing 2) admitting 3) allowing 4) accepting

36 1) agreement 2) obligation 3) requirement 4) responsibility

37 1) regarded 2) respected 3) thought 4) found

38 1) about 2) with 3) over 4) into

Раздел 4. Говорение

Прокомментируйте данное высказывание: The most important thing in life is family.

Do you agree with this statement? What is your opinion?

You have 2 minutes to get ready for the answer.

Use the following plan:

- Make an introduction
- Express your personal opinion and give 2-3 reasons for it
- Express an opposing opinion and give 1-2 reasons for it
- Make a conclusion restating your position